



DESIGN FOR EMC – BOOST CONVERTER DESIGN AND MEASUREMENT

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WÜRTH ELEKTRONIK MORE THAN YOU EXPECT

NOISE PROPAGATION

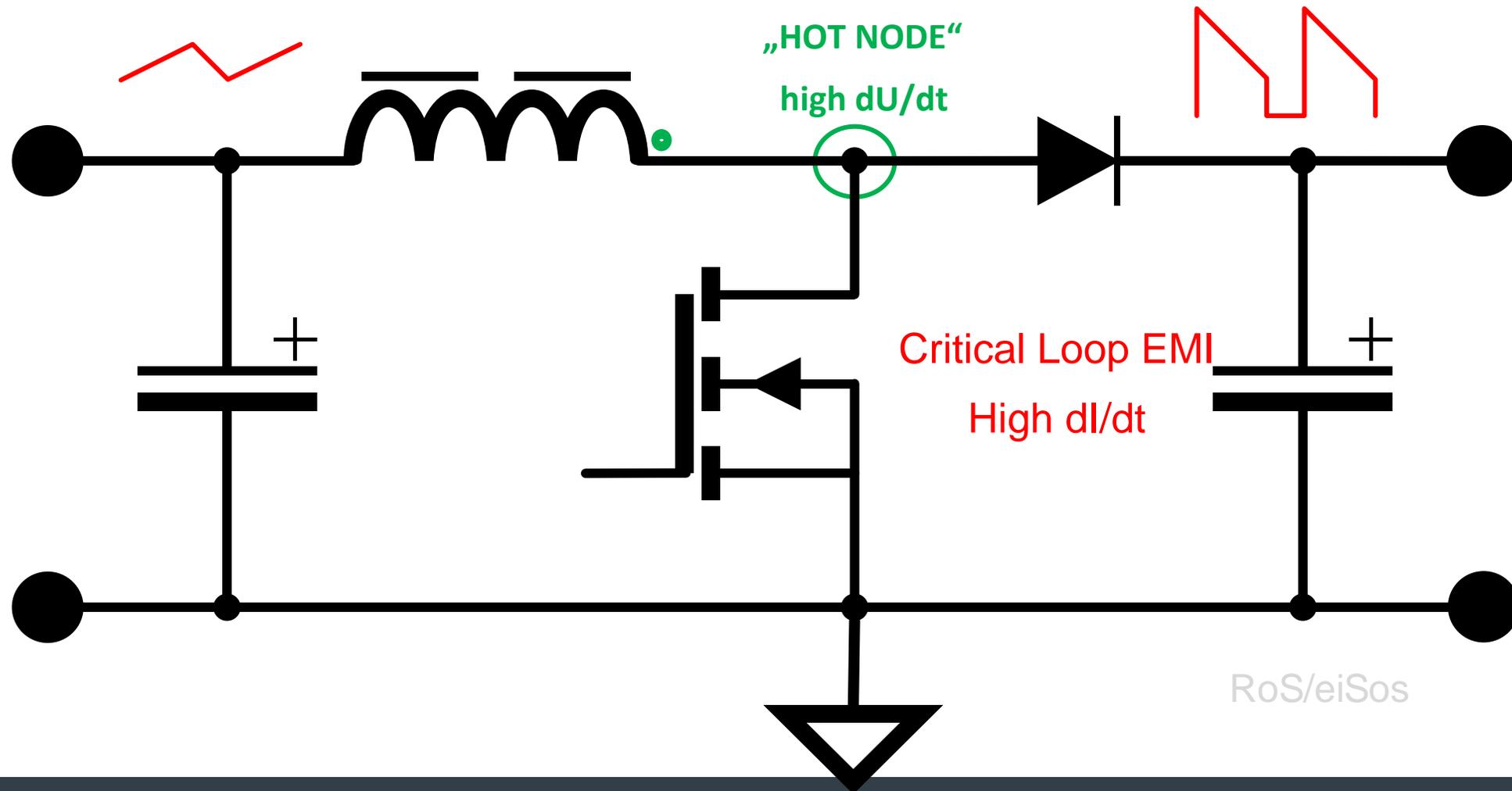
NOISE PROPAGATION

CM & DM Noise Currents

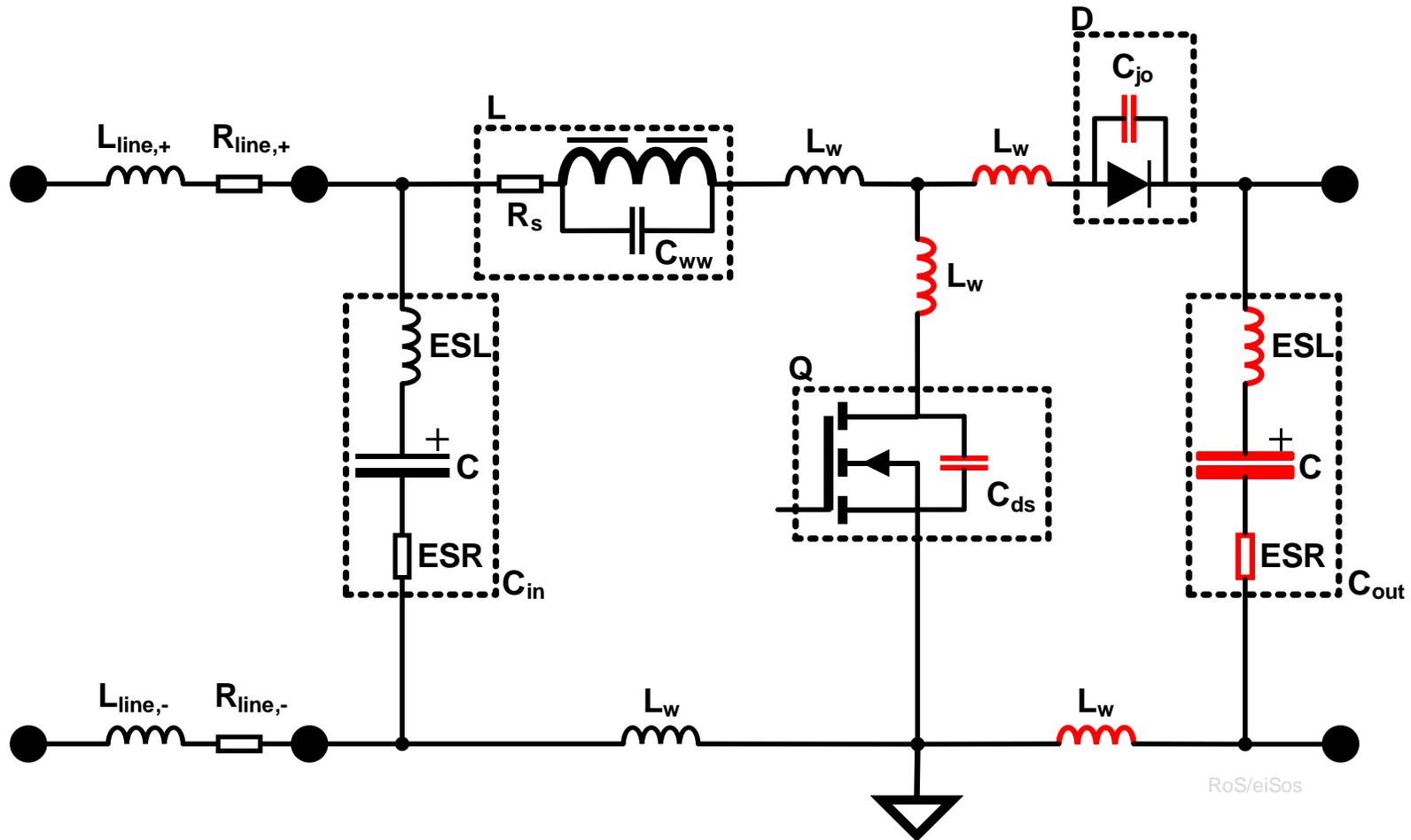
- Differential mode current (DM)
 - Current path as in the schematic
 - Easier to understand the noise paths
 - High currents, di/dt and dv/dt
 - Conducted EMI problems
- Common mode current (CM)
 - Current path unexpectedly
 - Return current path very big
 - Relative low currents (some μA)
 - Radiated EMI problems

BOOST CONVERTER NOISE SOURCES

Boost Converter Noise Sources



Parasitic Boost Model

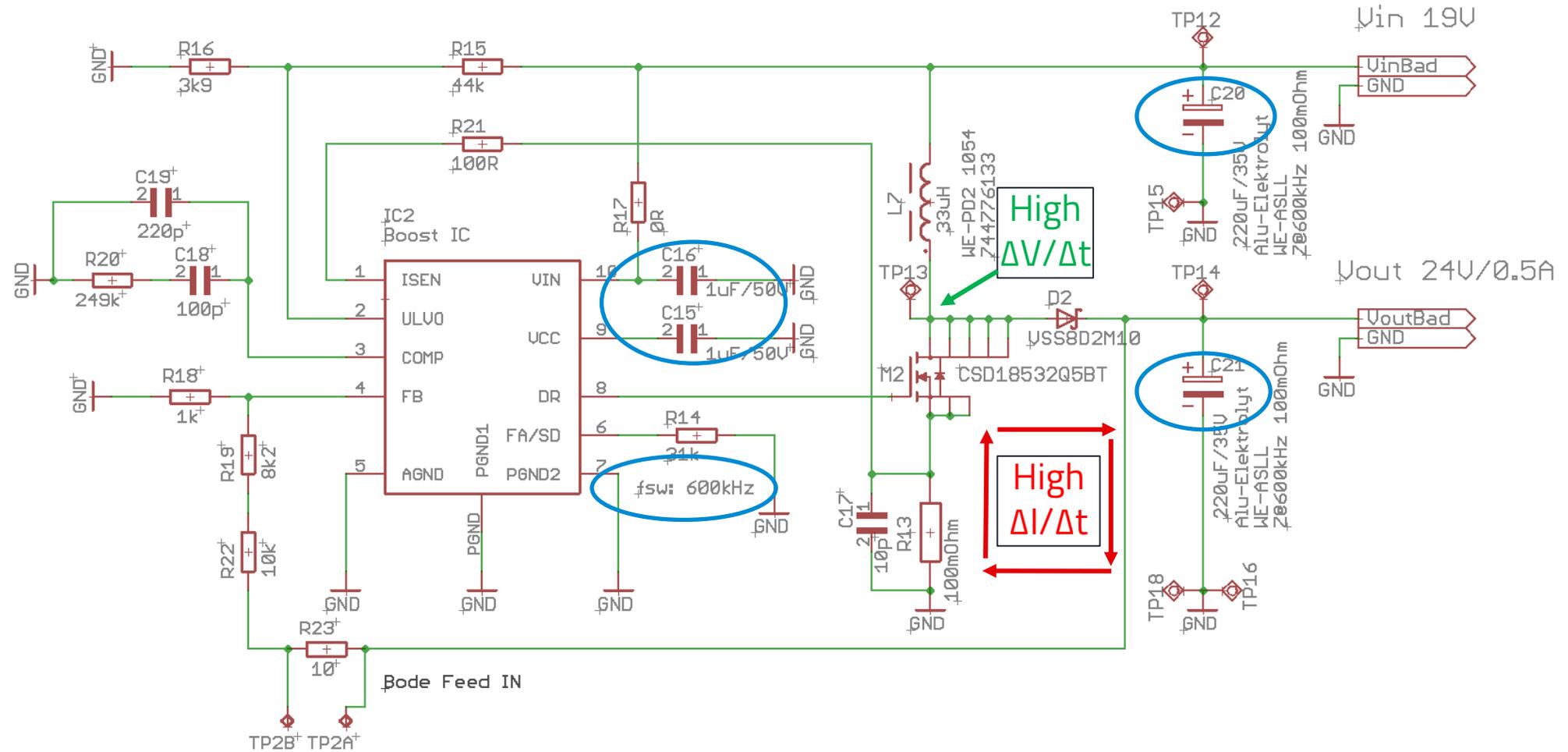


PRACTICAL BOOST EXAMPLE

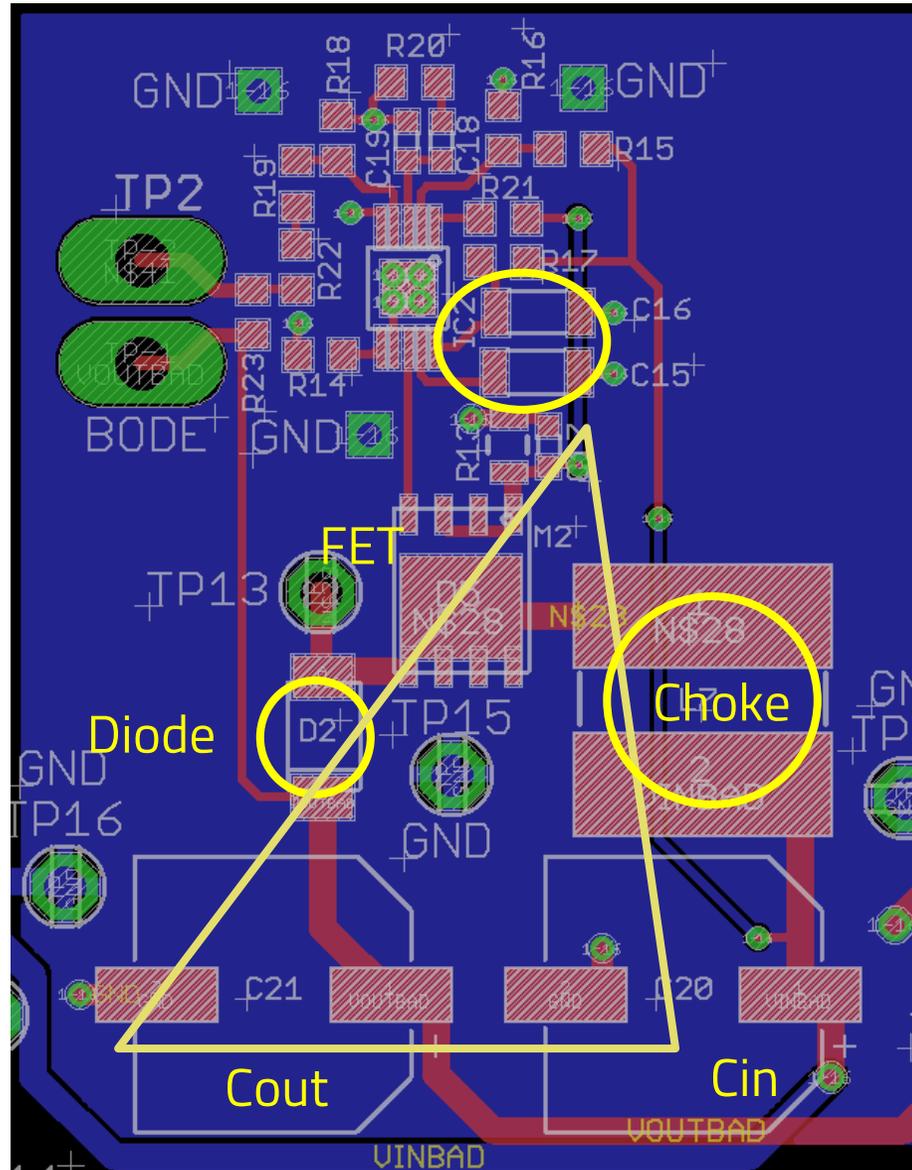
BAD Design Practice

Schematic Bad Design

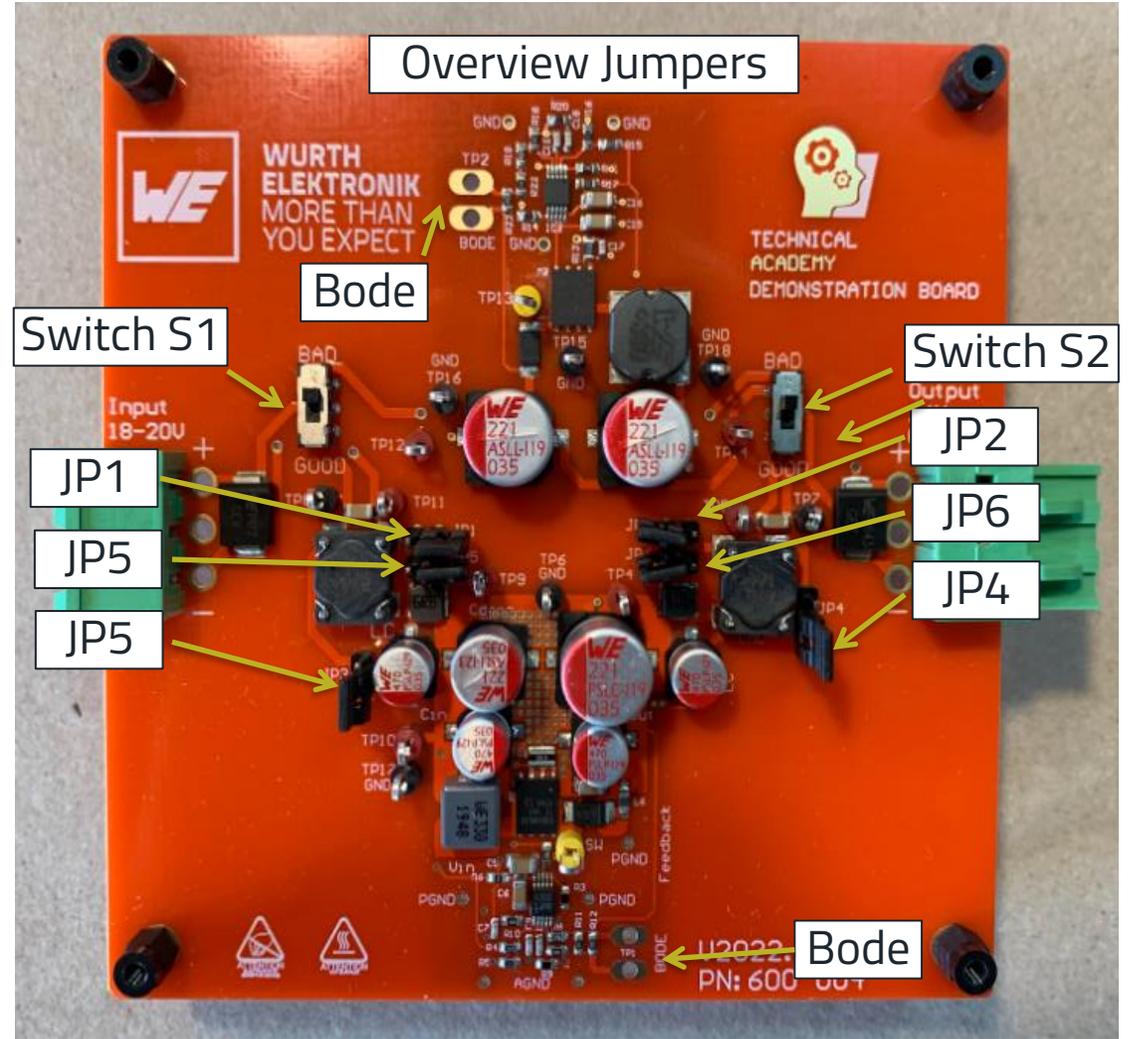
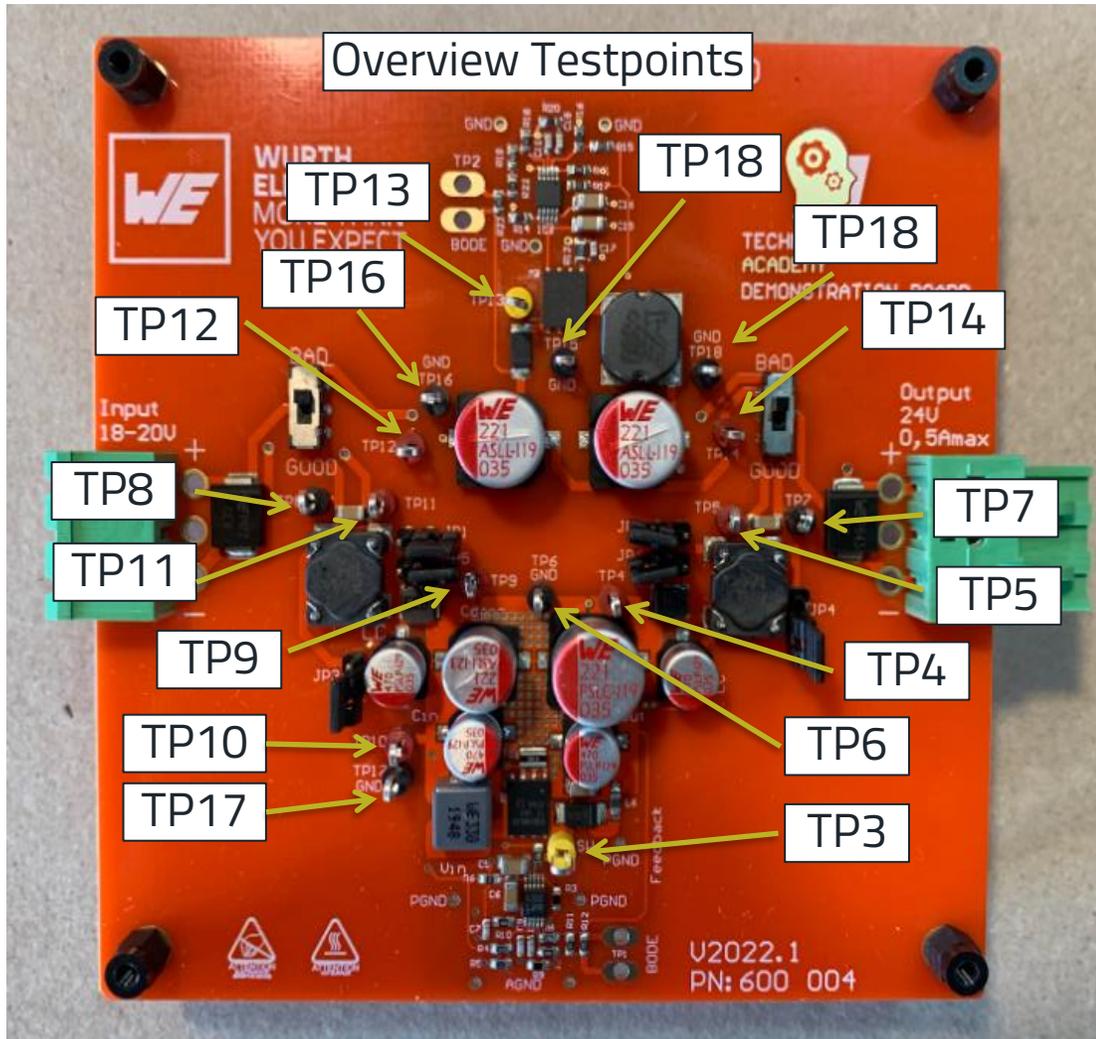
19V → 24V/0,5A



PCB Layout Bad Design

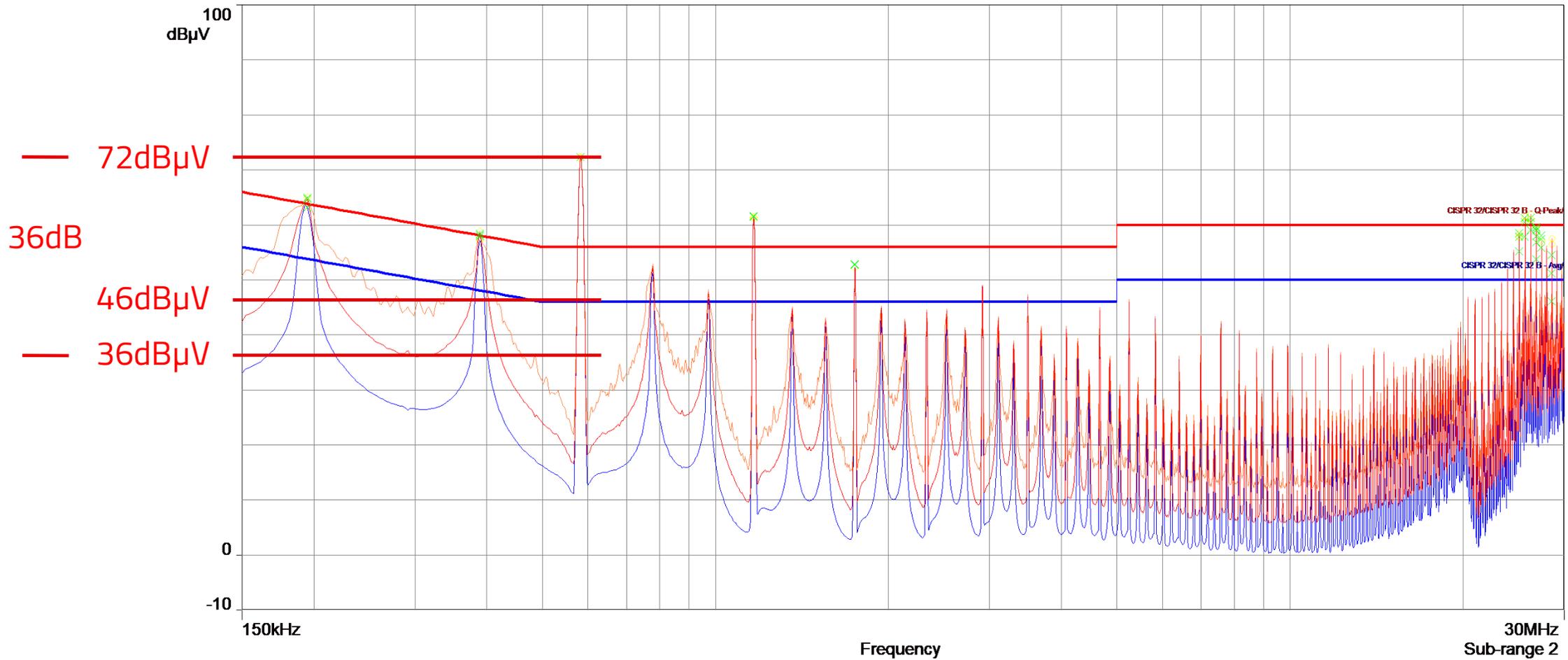


PCB Overview



Bad Design Practice: EMC Test Lab

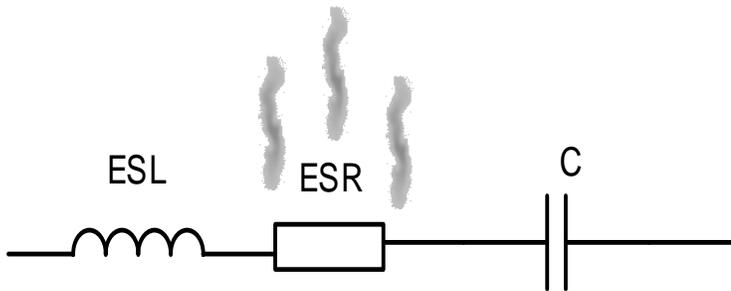
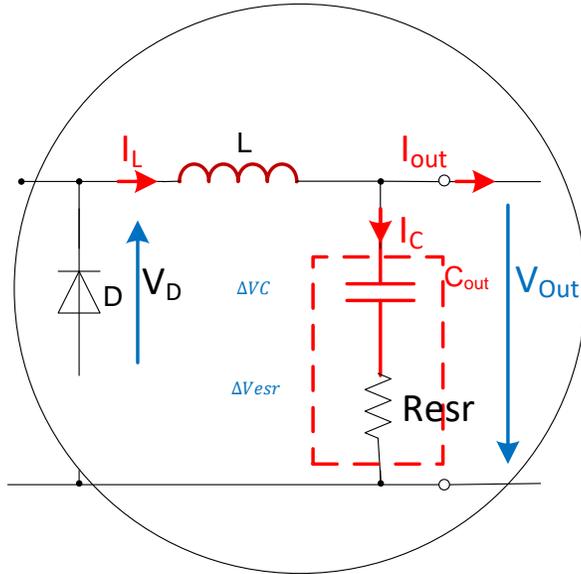
CISPR32 Conducted Emission – input w/o Filtering



IMPROVEMENT OF NOISE REJECTION/REDUCTION

1. Selection of Different Capacitors

Ripple current



- Aluminum Electrolytic Capacitors
 - Ripple current can be critical, shortening of lifetime, and
 - For too high ripple explosive failure -> blown vent and electrolyte leakage
- Ceramic Capacitors
 - Lowest ESR /mostly have no ripple current limitation
- Film capacitors
 - Low ESR, but ripple current can cause damage

1. Selection of Different Capacitors:

Polymer Vs Electrolytic - Comparison

■ Aluminum- Electrolytic-Capacitor

- higher voltage ratings available
- is currently cheaper (same capacity and voltage rating)



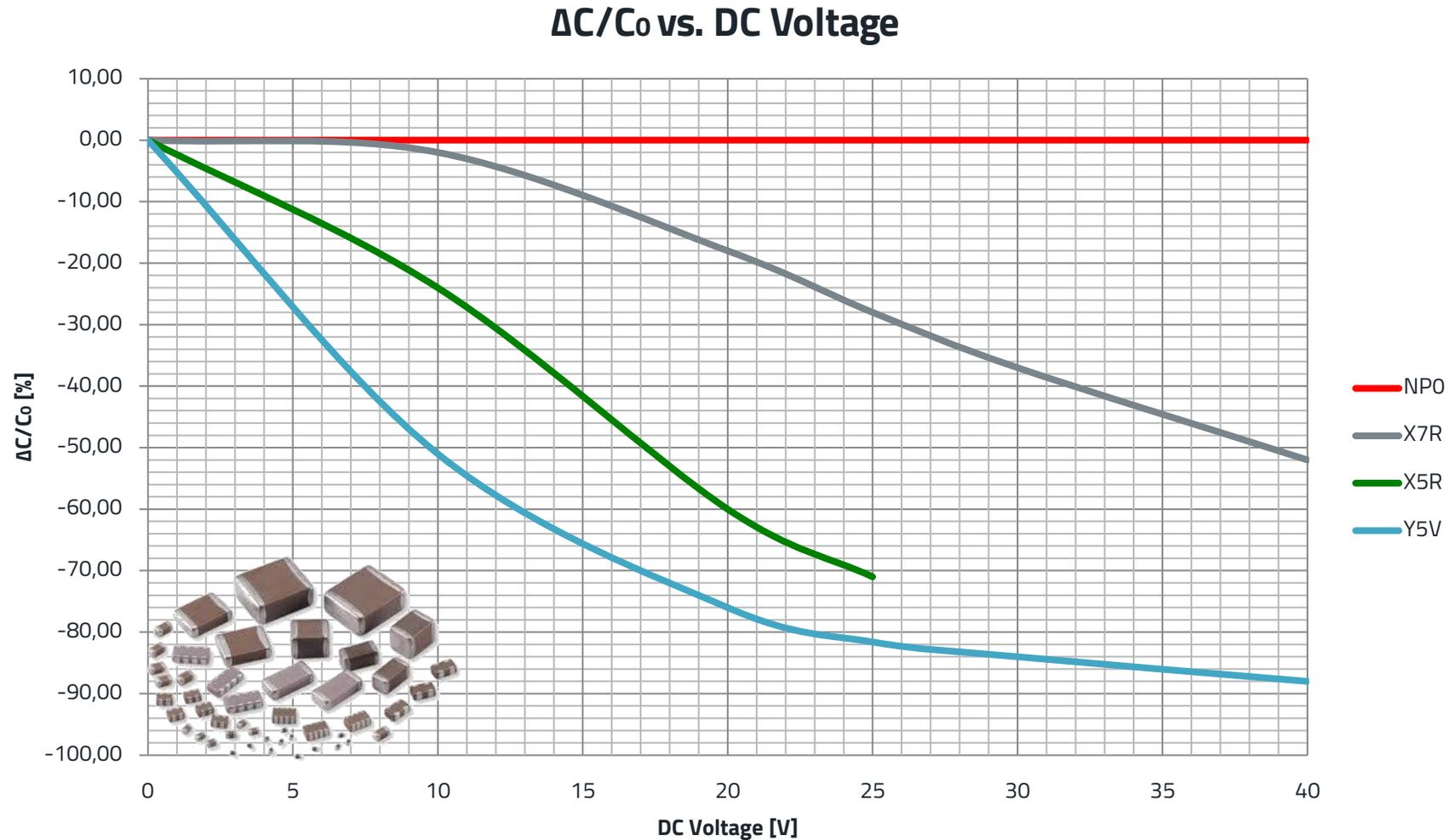
■ Polymer- Electrolytic-Capacitor:

- smaller ESR as an Alu-Cap >> higher allowed ripple current
- No dry-out behavior like Alu-Cap (solid electrolytic)
- higher expected lifetime / load life



1. Selection of Different Capacitors

MLCC Voltage Dependence



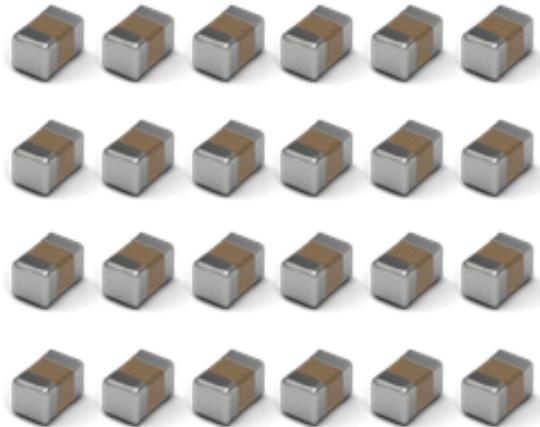
1. Selection of Different Capacitors

False Economy

Save Space on your PCB

24 x MLCCs

- P/N: 885012107006
with 47 μF
- 24 x 47 μF = 1128 μF
- $V_R = 6.3 V_{DC}$
- Size 0805 \rightarrow 2 x 1.25 mm
- **C @ 6 V_{DC} = 216 μF
due to DC-Bias**
- **A = 255 mm²**



1 x H-Chip Aluminum Polymer Capacitor

- P/N: 875015119006
with 220 μF
- 1 x 220 μF = 220 μF
- $V_R = 6.3 V_{DC}$
- Size 2917 \rightarrow 7.3 x 4.3 mm
- **C @ 6 V_{DC} = 220 μF**
- **A = 44 mm²**

1. Selection of Different Capacitors

Different input capacitors

WÜRTH ELEKTRONIK RED EXPERT Aluminum Electrolytic / Aluminum Polymer Capacitors

Filters: Order Code ⇒ 865060557008, 865080553014, 875105645005 Not Internal 3 items

Order Code	Series	Technology	Series Description	C	To...	V _R	DF	ESR @600 kHz	I@20°C @1 k...	Specifi
865060557008	WCAP-ASLL	Alum. Electrolytic	SMT - Low Imp. & Long Life +105°C	220 µF	±20%	35.0 V	< 14 %	93.4 mΩ	596 mA	670
865080553014	WCAP-ASLI	Alum. Electrolytic	SMT - Low Impedance +105°C	220 µF	±20%	35.0 V	< 14 %	129 mΩ	507 mA	570
875105645005	WCAP-PSLP	Alum. Polymer	SMT - Low Profile	47.0 µF	±20%	35.0 V	< 12 %	13.3 mΩ	480 mA	1.

865060557008 WCAP-ASLL 220 µF - 35.0 V
865080553014 WCAP-ASLI 220 µF - 35.0 V
875105645005 WCAP-PSLP 47.0 µF - 35.0 V

Click and type or drop an Order Code here

ADD MORE

Show Panel: Z vs. F ESR vs. F Imp vs. F Imp vs. T

ESR / Frequency

Frequency	Blue Curve ESR (mΩ)	Orange Curve ESR (mΩ)	Green Curve ESR (mΩ)
100 Hz	~200	~100	~100
1 kHz	~100	~100	~100
10 kHz	~100	~100	~100
100 kHz	~100	~100	~100
600 kHz	~100	~100	~10
1 MHz	~100	~100	~10
10 MHz	~100	~100	~10
100 MHz	~100	~100	~100

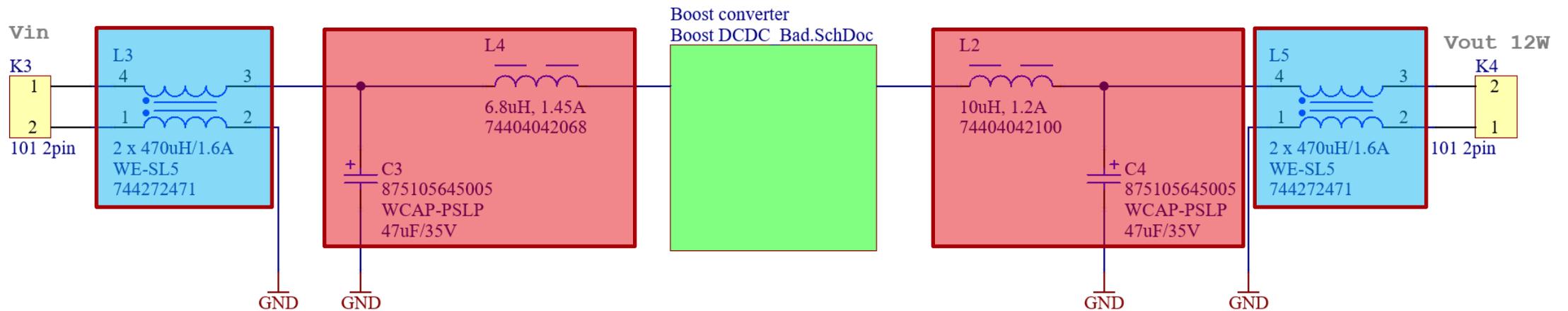
1. Selection of Different Capacitors

Measurement of input capacitors



2. Filtering of Input and Output

CM and DM Filtering

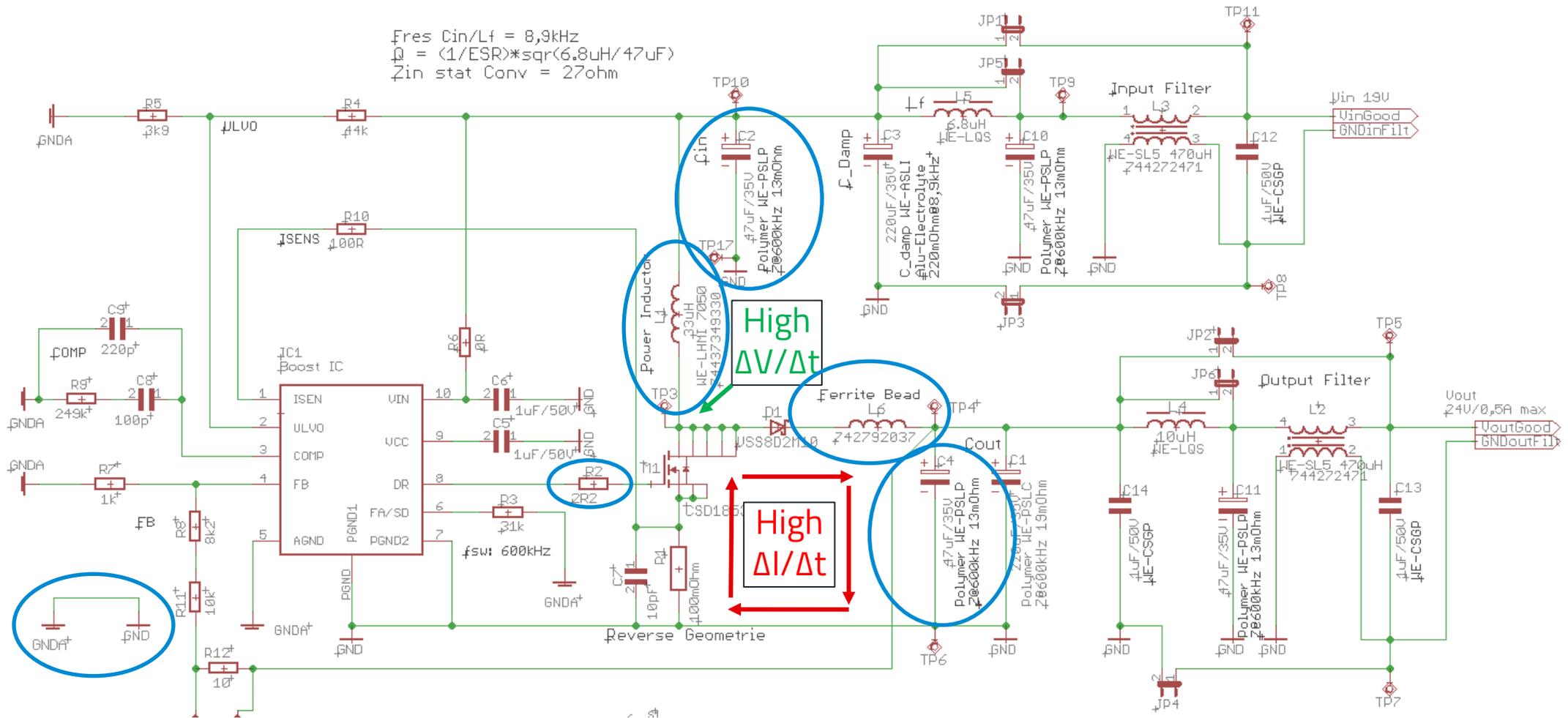


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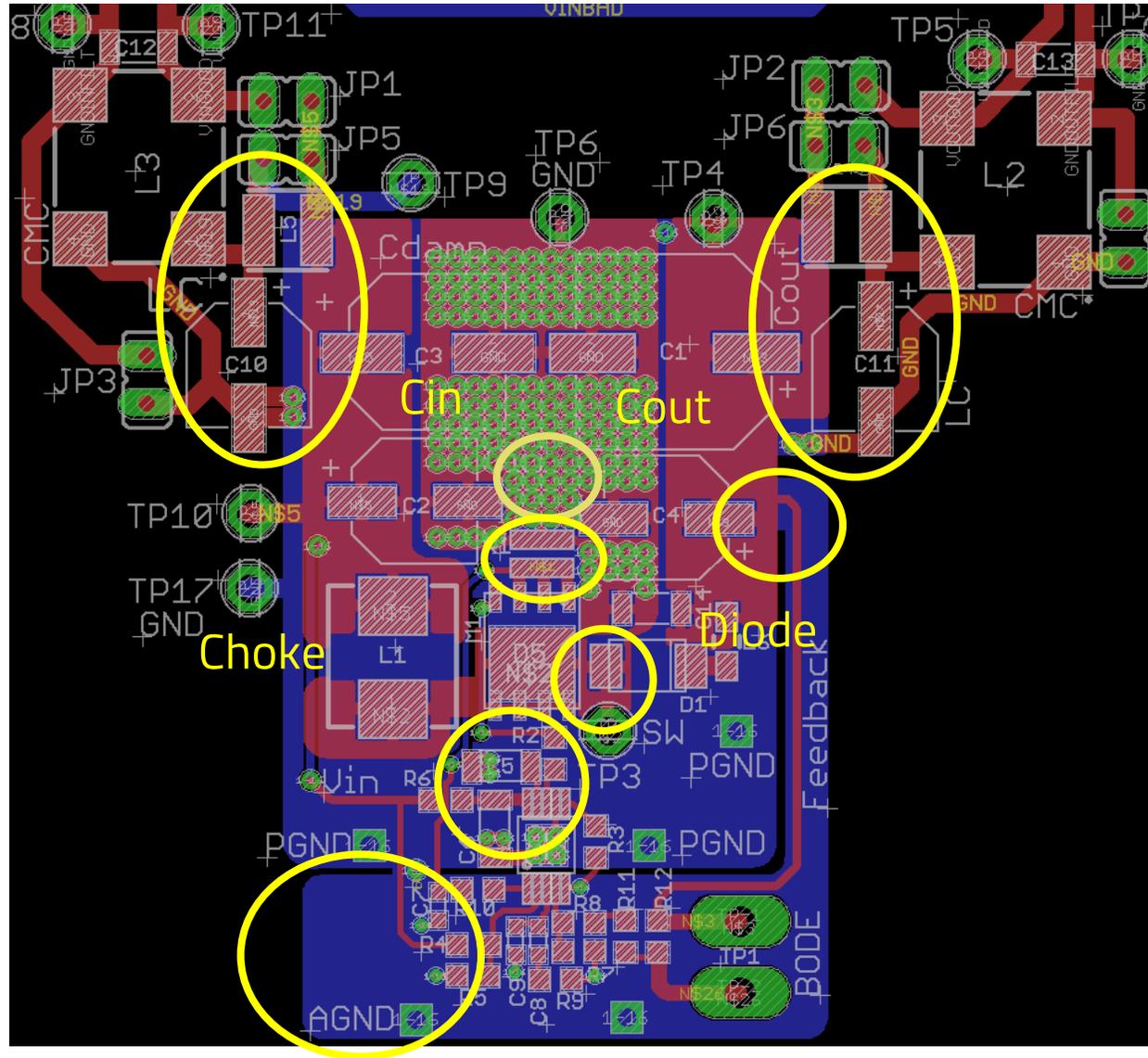
Good Design Practice

Schematic Good Design

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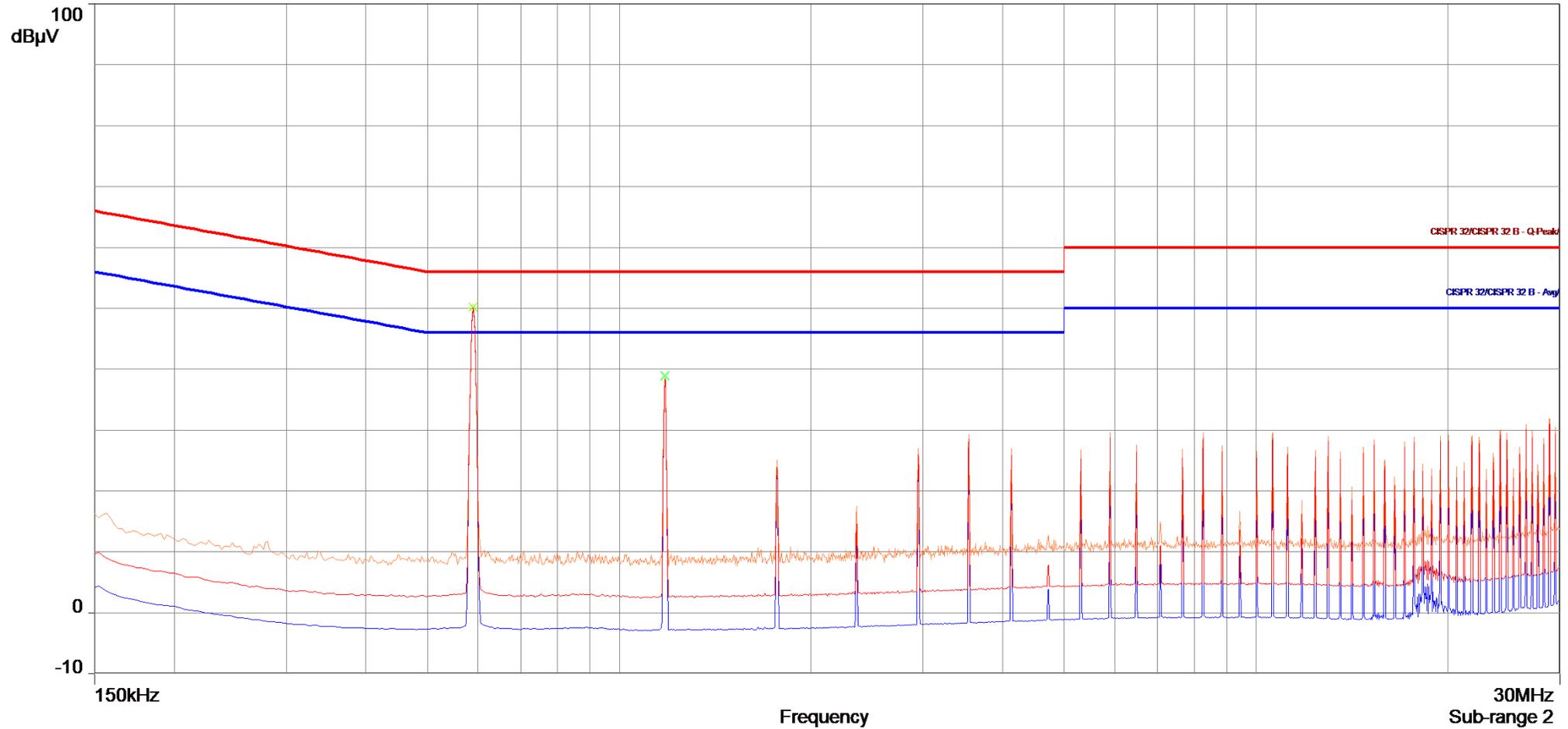


PCB Layout Good Design



Good Design Practice: EMC Test Lab

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Good Design Practice: EMC Test Lab

CISPR32 Conducted Emission – input with Filtering

