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Performs chromatic dispersion measurements for ultra-high-speed optical devices and optical devices for Dense WDM with high resolution up to 0.4 pm (50 MHz)

- Comprehensive measurement of optical transfer characteristics in the optical carrier frequency domain
- Maximum optical frequency resolution: 50 MHz (Wavelength of 0.4 pm)
- High-speed measurement: Approx. 6.7 msec. (at each measurement point) Approx. 4 second (at each sweep span)
- Measurement wavelength range: 1525 to 1635 nm
- Wide dynamic range: 40 dB
- Extensive group delay-time measurement range: Maximum resolution: 0.1 ps Maximum measurement range: 25 ns
- Chromatic dispersion characteristics of optical fiber can be easily measured
- Accurate wavelength measurements (up to  $\pm 5$  pm)







## High resolution high speed measurement of optical transmission characteristics in the optical carrier frequency domain

In recent years, progress in the research and development of ultra-high-speed optical transmission and dense wavelength division multiplexing transmission (Dense WDM) has been considerable. To some extent, these technologies are already in commercial use. This requires designers to measure amplitude characteristics, chromatic dispersion, and group delay time of optical devices and optical subsystems with high optical frequency resolution.Examples of devices for which such characteristics must be measured are AWGs, Fiber Bragg Gratings filters, and dispersion compensators. Because chromatic dispersion characteristics in particular are an obstacle when optical transmission bit rate increases, chromatic dispersion values must be decreased or controlled.

The Q7750 Optscope is an optical network analyzer capable of measuring many characteristics of optical devices at high resolution and high speed in the optical carrier frequency domain. It can measure amplitude characteristics, group delay time and phase-oftransmission characteristics, and reflection characteristics of optical devices. This analyzer can also measure the chromatic dispersion characteristics including the zero dispersion wavelength of optical fiber such as dispersion-shift fiber and non-zero dispersion fiber, and the chromatic dispersion slope characteristics. The Q7750 employs the phase-shift method of measurement to achieve both high resolution and wide dynamic range.



Amplitude characteristics and chromatic dispersion of an FBG optical filter

## **Features**

## Comprehensive Measurement of Optical Transfer Characteristics in the Optical Carrier Frequency Domain

The Q7750 incorporates a tunable light source. By sweeping the wavelength (optical frequency), transmission and reflection characteristics (S<sub>21</sub> and S<sub>11</sub> in the S parameters) can be measured in the optical carrier-frequency band simultaneously. Table 1 lists the measurement items. The Q7750 can measure all these items in a single sweep.



### • Table 1 Measurement items

Measurement item	Reflection characteristics (S11)	Transmission characteristics (S21)
Amplitude	Yes	Yes
Group delay-time	Yes	Yes
Chromatic Dispersion	Yes	Yes

### **High Optical Frequency Resolution**

Maximum optical frequency resolution: 50 MHz (Wavelength of 0.4 pm)

The Q7750 has a maximum optical frequency resolution of 50 MHz, enabling measurement with ultra high resolution in the optical carrier-frequency domain. This capability facilitates measurement of amplitude characteristics and chromatic dispersion of optical devices for Dense WDM, which use channel spacing such as 25, 50, and 100 GHz. The wavelength axis can be set in the range of a minimum of 0.1 nm to a maximum of 70 nm.

#### **High-speed Measurement**

Measuring time: Approx. 6.7 msec. (at each measurement point) Approx. 4 second (at each sweep span)

The time required for a single sweep (measurement) is approximately 4 seconds compared to conventionally instruments which require > 10 minutes. Measurements taking a long time cannot be achieved precisely as environment influences, such as temperature, can cause the DUT characteristics to vary. Since the Q7750 requires only a short measurement time, high-speed and high-precision measurement can be implemented without influences of elements such as DUT temperature characteristics.

## Extensive Measurement Wavelength Range Measurement wavelength range: 1525 to 1635 nm

Because optical-fiber amplifiers have evolved to operate in long wavelength bands optical transmission wavelengths have shifted toward 1635 nm. The Q7750 is capable of measuring characteristics at a maximum wavelength of 1635 nm. This allows designers to evaluate optical devices in the next generation optical transmission wavelength band.

\* Developed in cooperation with KDD.

### **High Precision Wavelength Measurement**

Absolute wavelength accuracy: ±0.025 nm (standard)

±2 ppm ±1 pm (with the Q8326) (*Note: OPT7750 + 10 required*)

The Q7750's absolute wavelength accuracy is  $\pm 0.025$  nm. It can be improved to to  $\pm 2$  ppm  $\pm 1$  pm using Option 10 and the separately available optical wavelength meter Q8326. The Q8326 is automatically controlled from the Q7750 main unit, requiring no complicated settings or operation.

## Wide Dynamic Range

## Dynamic range: 40 dB (Typical)

The Q7750 has achieved a dynamic range of 40 dB together with high optical frequency resolution. The Q7750 is capable of measuring optical transmission amplitude characteristics of optical filters and other devices in the same way as optical spectrum analyzers do. In addition, the Q7750 can measure chromatic dispersion characteristics over a wide dynamic range simultaneously with measurement of optical transmission amplitude characteristics.

### Extensive Group Delay-Time Measurement Range

Group Delay-time measurement range/

Maximum resolution: 0.1 ps

Maximum measurement range: 25 ns

A maximum group delay-time resolution of 0.1 ps and a maximum measurement range of 25 nm can be achieved. The chromatic dispersion can be measured with the same time resolution. The Q7750 can be used to measure the characteristics of a wide range of devices from low to high-dispersion optical devices (such as dispersion-compensation devices).

## Enhanced Optical Fiber Chromatic Dispersion Measurement Functions

The Q7750 is equipped with four types of optical fiber fitting systems so that chromatic dispersion characteristics, chromatic dispersion slope characteristics, and zero dispersion wavelength of optical fiber can be measured with ease and accuracy. The Q7750 performs various dispersion measurement applications ranging from a narrow band optical devices to optical fibers such as non zero dispersion (NZDS) shift fiber.



Example measurement of 1.55 nm dispersion shift fiber

## Portable with ease

Most conventional dispersion measuring units are system products, inconvenient for portable use. The Q7750, a standalone type, can be easily carried. Since setup requires only connecting the electric cables, no complicated calibration is necessary and the Q7750 system can be immediately started.

#### **Measurement Samples**

Measurement example using an FBG optical filter (for 100 GHz space)



The measurement examples shown to the right is reflected light measured in an FBG optical filter (band-pass characteristics). The Q7750 can measure reflected light (S11) by connecting to a DUT. The examples show that the characteristics of group delay time and chromatic dispersion are measured with high resolution, as well as the optical intensity bandpass characteristics. In particular, the system clearly analyzes that there are cycles of ripple in the chromatic dispersion characteristics.

Measurement example using an AWG Multi/Demultiplexer



The measurement examples shown to the right is the transmission characteristics (S<sub>21</sub>) measured in an AWG Multi/Demultiplexer. Mild changes in the group delay time within the transmission band are measured.



Figure 1.1 Amplitude characteristics (optical intensity bandpass characteristics)



Figure 1.2 Group delay characteristics



Figure 2.1 Amplitude characteristics (optical intensity bandpass characteristics)



Figure 2.2 Group delay characteristics



Figure 1.3 Chromatic dispersion characteristics



Figure 2.3 Chromatic dispersion characteristics

## **Specifications**

#### **Measurement Functions**

Sweep channels:

Input-end reflection characteristics (S11):

Forward transfer characteristics (S21):

Moocurement range

Amplitude Group delay time Chromatic dispersion Amplitude

characteristics)

2 channels (input-end reflection

characteristics, forward transfer

Group delay time Chromatic dispersion Chromatic dispersion slope characteristics

1525 to 1425 pm

#### **Optical Signal Source Characteristics**<sup>\*1)</sup>

ivicasulement lange.	1525 10 1035 1111
Absolute wavelength	
accuracy*2):	±0.025 nm (standard)
	±2 ppm ±1 pm
	(when used with OPT7750 + 10 and
	Q8326)
Wavelength setting resolution:	0.001 nm
Sweep wavelength range:	Settable within 0.1 to 110 nm range
	(Settable within the optical frequency
	range of 12.5 GHz to 13.2 THz)
Sweep repeatability <sup>*3</sup> :	Set span X (±0.3%) ±30 MHz or less
Sweep time	• • •
(measurement time)*4):	Approx. 4 sec (at each sweep span)
	Approx. 6.7 msec.
	(at each measurement point)
Optical output power level*5):	-15 dBm or more

#### **Amplitude Characteristics**

Scale:	Logarithmic table (0.2, 0.5, 1.0, 2.0, 5.0,
	10.0 dB/div) and also linear
Modulation frequency range:	40 MHz to 3 GHz
Dynamic range*6):	Forward transfer characteristics;
	35 dB (Typ. 40 dB)
	Input-end reflection characteristics;
	33 dB (Typ. 38 dB)
Linearity <sup>*7)</sup> :	±0.10 dB (Relative level 0 to -25 dB)
	±0.25 dB (Relative level -25 to -30 dB)
Polarization dependency:	Forward transfer characteristics
	(test port 2); ±0.05 dB
	Input-end reflection characteristics
	(test port 1); ±0.10 dB
Repeatability at	-
connector insertion*8):	±0.1 dB

#### **Group Delay Time Characteristics**

Frequency modulation range (fm): Max. measurement range:

Group delay time resolution: Relative group delay time accuracy\*7):

40 MHz to 3 GHz At fm = 40 MHz; 25 ns At fm = 3 GHz; 333 ps 0.1 psec Relative level (dB)

Accuracy

±0.2%/fm

±0.4%/fm

±1.0%/fm

#### **Chromatic Dispersion**

Measurement unit: Measurement range: Measurement resolution:	Wavelength range (ps/nm), optical frequency range (ps/GHz), chromatic dispersion slope (ps/nm <sup>2</sup> ) Displays in ps/nm-km, ps/GHz-km, ps/nm <sup>2</sup> -km, and ps/GHz <sup>2</sup> -km are also possible by inputting the length of optical fiber under test 0.1 psec/nm to 1 µsec/nm 0.01 ps/nm
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0 to -15 dB

-15 to -20 dB

-20 to -25 dB

#### Fiber Wavelength Dispersion Measurement \*9

Repeatability of dispersion coefficient measurement: Repeatability of zero dispersion	0.025 ps/nm, 0.003 ps/nm/km
wavelength measurement: Repeatability of dispersion slope measurement at zero	0.030 nm
dispersion wavelength: Accuracy of zero dispersion	0.025 ps/nm², 0.002ps/nm²/km
wavelength measurement:	±0.080 nm
-	±0.035 nm (when OPT7750 + 10 and Q8326 are used in combination)
	±0.030 nm (when OPT7750 + 10 and HP86120C are used in combination-Reference value)
Waveform approximation function:	Linear approximation, Quadratic polynomial,
	Sellmeier's polynomial of degree three,
	Sellmeier's polynomial of degree five

#### **Fiber Length Measurement**

0.2 m to 10,000 km Range of measurements: Resolution: whichever larger Range of inputs for index of

0.02 mm or 0.01 % of measured length,

1.000000 to 2.000000 refraction:

Processing Functions	
Memory function:	Save measurement date to back-up memory and/or to a floppy disk
Display:	Optical frequency display, overlay, dividing into two parts, cursor function
Computing/analysis:	Averaging, Normalization, Smoothing Waveform fitting functions (linear approximation, quadratic polynomia expression, Sellmeier's three-term polynomial expression, and Sellmeier's five term polynomial expression

#### **Optical Input/Output**

Optical connector type\*10): FC type connector (Standard) Adapts to SC and ST type by using adapters sold separately

#### Input/Output Interface

GPIB:	IEEE488-1978
loppy disk drive:	3.5 inch, MS-DOS format
Printer:	D-SUB 25 pin ESC/P, ESC/P-R, PCL
Keyboard:	Conforms to IBM PC-AT
Display:	15 pin, D-SUB connector (VGA)

#### **General Specification**

Operating environment:	Ambient temperature; 15 to 35°C
	Relative humidity; 85 % or less
	(no condensation)
Storage environment:	Ambient temperature; -10 to 45°C
-	Relative humidity; 90 % or less
	(no condensation)
Power:	Display unit; AC 100 to 120 V, AC 220 to
	240 V, 50/60 Hz, 300 VA or less
	Optical network analyzer unit;
	AC 100 to 120 V, AC 220 to 240 V, 50/60 Hz,
	310 VA or less
Dimensions:	Display unit;
	Approx. 424 (W) X 220 (H) X 400 (D) mm
	Optical network analyzer unit;
	approx. 424 (W) X 220 (H) 500 (D) mm
Mass:	Display unit; 16 kg or less
	Optical network analyzer unit;
	25 kg or less

#### Accessories (sold separately)

Optical connector adapters	
FC connector adapter:	A08161
SC connector adapter:	A08162
ST connector adapter:	A08163

## OPT7750 + 10 Option Monitor output

Optical connector type:	FC connector (fixed)
emission power:	-20 dBm or more

\*1) Warm-up time: 2 hrs.

\*2) At initial sweep wavelength and at stable temperature.

\*3) Under a specific temperature.

\*4) Excluding internal setting time when Set span ≤ 60 GHz.

\*5) At average power.

- \*6) Difference between amplitude level and noise level (average value) at during direct measurement. At sensitivity = High.
- \*7) Relative level with amplitude level at through measurement as standard.
- \*8) Value taken by 10 times connector insertion using SMF fiber with FC connector.
- \*9) Under a specific temperature. When 11 km dispersion shift fiber was measured for 20 times. With zero dispersion wavelength as the center wavelength, measured wavelength
  - span = 10 nm, stepped sweep measurement = 11 points (1 point/1 nm). By approximation derived from polynomial of degree two.
  - Dispersion slope = 0.074 ps/nm²/km.
  - No external wavemeter was used, unless otherwise noticed.

\*10) Exchangeable by user-side.

Please be sure to read the product manual thoroughly before using the products. Specifications may change without notification.

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ADVANTEST CORPORATION

Shinjuku-NS building, 4-1 Nishi-Shinjuku 2-chome Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo 163-0880, Japan Tel: +81-3-3342-7500 Fax: +81-3-5381-7661 http://www.advantest.co.jp

Advantest (Singapore) Pte. Ltd. 438A Alexandra Road, #8-03/06 Alexandra Technopark Singapore 119967 Tel: +65-274-3100 Fax: +65-274-4055 Tektronix Inc. (North America) P. O. Box 500 Howard Vollum Industrial Park Beaverton, Oregon 97077-0001 U. S. A. Tel:+1-800-426-2200 Fax:+1-503-627-4090

Rohde & Schwarz Engineering and Sales GmbH (Europe) Mühldorfstraße 15 D-81671 München P.O.B. 80 14 29 D-81614 München Tel:+49-89-4129-3711 Fax:+49-89-4129-3723